Vidya Bhawan Balika Vidyapeeth Shakti Uthana Ashram Lakhisarai Date -06.07.2020

Class:9th Subject: political science Chapter: Democratic Rights

National Human Rights Commission of India

The National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) of India is a Statutory public body constituted on 12 October 1993 under the Protection of Human Rights Ordinance of 28 September 1993.[1] It was given a statutory basis by the Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993 (PHRA).[2] The NHRC is the National Human Rights Commission of India,[3] responsible for the protection and promotion of human rights, defined by the Act as "Rights Relating To Life, liberty, equality and dignity of the individual guaranteed by the Constitution or embodied in the International Covenants and enforceable by courts in India.".

Nation Human Rights Commission

National Human Rights Commission logo Agency overview Formed 12 October 1993 Jurisdictional structure Federal agency India **Operations jurisdiction** India General nature Federal law enforcement Headquarters New Delhi, India Agency executives Justice H. L. Dattu, Chairman Jaideep Govind, Secretary General Website Official website Functions of NHRCEdit The Protection of Human Rights Act mandates the NHRC to perform the following:

Proactively or reactively inquire into violations of human rights by government of India or negligence of such violation by a public servant

the protection of human rights and recommend measures for their effective implementation review the factors, including acts of terrorism that inhibit the enjoyment of human rights and recommend appropriate remedial measures

to study treaties and other international instruments on human rights and make recommendations for their effective implementation

undertake and promote research in the field of human rights

to visit jails and study the condition of inmates

engage in human rights education among various sections of society and promote awareness of the safeguards available for the protection of these rights through publications, the media, seminars and other available means

encourage the efforts of NGOs and institutions congress to working in the field of human rights. it considers the necessity for the protection of human rights.

requisitioning any public record or copy thereof from any court or office.

CompositionEdit

Read the above passage throughly and try to understand and give the answer of the following questions

- Q.1.Write the Full form of N.H.R.C.
- Q.2.When was N.H.R.C Constituted?
- Q.3.Where is the Headquarters of N.H.R.C?
- Q.4.Who is the Chairman of N.H.R.C.?
- Q 5.Write the any four function of the N.H.R.C.

Subject Teacher Mukesh kumar